PRODUCT: 47 bottles of O. R. O. at Lawton, Okla., together with a number of circulars entitled "O. R. O." Analysis showed that the product was a lime and sulfur solution.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bottle) "6 Ozs. or Over O. R. O. 14% light sulphur 2% hydrated lime 84% water (inert)."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements on the label of the article and in the accompanying circulars were false and misleading. The statements represented and suggested that the article was effective in the treatment of unspecified diseases of poultry, running fits, mange, and other skin diseases of dogs, and coccidiosis and sorehead in chickens, turkeys, etc.; that it was effective to remove worms from poultry, hogs, dogs, or livestock of any kind; that it was effective to eliminate blue bugs and fleas on chickens and turkeys; and that it was effective in the treatment of poison ivy, prickly heat, ringworm, itchy scalp, scaly skin, chafed skin, rash, etc., of humans. The article was not effective for such purposes.

DISPOSITION: August 13, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

#### DRUGS FOR VETERINARY USE \*

3539. Misbranding of Dr. Jelen's Liquid Hog Medicine. U. S. v. 3 Pails, etc. (F. D. C. No. 31172. Sample No. 18916-L.)

LIBEL FILED: June 7, 1951. District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 5, 1951, by Dr. Jelen's Veterinary Supply Corp., from Omaha, Nebr.

PRODUCT: 3 2-gallon pails and 5 1-gallon jugs of Dr. Jelen's Liquid Hog Medicine at New Ulm, Minn., together with a number of accompanying pamphlets entitled "Customer's Price List April 1950."

Examination indicated that the product consisted essentially of potassium arsenite, sodium hydroxide, sodium carbonate, sodium thiosulfate, sodium phosphate, potassium iodide (trace), creosote, anise oil, and licorice extract. Niacin (nicotinic acid) may have been present in the product but was not determined by analysis.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements in the accompanying pamphlets were false and misleading. The statements represented and suggested that the article would aid in the treatment of necrotic enteritis ("necro"), and black scours; that it was helpful as a tonic in such cases; that it was a valuable aid in the feeding of poultry; that it would help one to keep his herd in better condition and free from "necro" at all times; and that it would help to keep the brood sow in good condition and to produce litters free from "necro." The article was not effective for the purposes stated and implied, and it was not capable of fulfilling the promises of benefit made for it.

DISPOSITION: July 27, 1951. Default decree of destruction.

3540. Misbranding of Dr. Mayfield poultry tablets. U. S. v. 23 Bottles, etc. (F. D. C. No. 29345. Sample Nos. 76130-K, 76131-K.)

LIBEL FILED: June 3, 1950, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 30 and April 12 and 27, 1950, by Dr. Mayfield Laboratories, Inc., from Charles City, Iowa.

<sup>\*</sup>See also No. 3538.

PRODUCT: 23 1,000-tablet bottles and 39 500-tablet bottles of *Dr. Mayfield poultry tablets* at Sleepy Eye, Minn., together with a number of cards entitled "Poultry Disease Prevention Program" and a number of circulars entitled "Dr. Mayfield Poultry Tablets for Coccidiosis Control."

LABEL, IN PART: (Bottle) "Dr. Mayfield Poultry Tablets \* \* \* Active Ingredients: Sodium Arsanilate (.35 grains arsenic per tablet expressed as metallic) Ammonium Phenolsulphonate and Boric Acid are therapeutically inactive."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements on the bottle label and on the cards and circulars accompanying the article were false and misleading since the statements represented and suggested that the article was effective in the prevention and treatment of blackhead in turkeys and in the prevention of disease conditions of poultry when used as directed, whereas the article was not effective for the purposes stated and implied.

DISPOSITION: September 24, 1951. Dr. Mayfield Laboratories, Inc., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for relabeling under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

## INDEX TO NOTICES OF JUDGMENT D. D. N. J. NOS. 3521 TO 3540

#### **PRODUCTS**

N. J. No. 1		N. J. No.	
Acetyl-amino-benzaldehyde-thio-		Kennedy's Mixture	3534
semicarbazone tablets	3522	Lamps, ultraviolet	3537
Alcorine No. 28	3532	Laxative without required warn-	
Allyl isopropyl barbiturate so-		ing statements	3525
dium capsules	3526	Liquid Hog Medicine, Dr. Jelen's_	3539
Antiseptic tablets, Oxylin	3521	Mayfield, Dr., poultry tablets	3540
Barrab No. 26	3532	Nef-Tex tablets	3521
Champion Compound	3533	O. R. O	3538
Cogenat (conjugated estrogens)_	3528	Oxylin antiseptic tablets	3521
Conjugated estrogens 3528	-3531	Ozone generators	3536
Cosmetic (subject to the drug		Pentobarbital sodium (powder).	3527
provisions of the Act):		Radium chloride solution	3524
	3532	Regene No. 29	3532
Devices 3536,	3537	Sulfathiazole tablets	3523
Domogyn vaginal douche powder_	3535	Ultraviolet lamps	3537
Drunkenness, remedy for	3532	Vaginal douche powder, Domo-	
Epsom salt	3525	gyn	3535
Estrogenic substances 3528	-3531	Veterinary preparations 3538	3-3540
Hair and scalp preparation	3532	Women's disorders, remedy for	3535
Jelen's, Dr., Liquid Hog Medi-			
cine	3539		

### SHIPPERS, MANUFACTURERS, AND DISTRIBUTORS

N. J. No.	N. J. No.
Barnes, Jerome:	Cel-Ton-Sa Medicine Co.:
Alcorine No. 28, Barrab No. 26,	Champion Compound 3533
` and Regene No. 29 3532	Denver Radium Corp.:
Barnes Co. See Barnes, Jerome.	radium chloride solution 3524

# FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

## FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

# NOTICES OF JUDGMENT UNDER THE FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG, AND COSMETIC ACT

[Given pursuant to section 705 of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act] 3541-3549

## DRUGS AND DEVICES

The cases reported herewith were instituted in the United States district courts by the United States attorneys, acting on reports submitted by the Federal Security Agency. This is a collection of cases adjudicated earlier than those now being recorded in current notices of judgment, but not published because complete records were not available immediately after the cases were terminated. Published by direction of the Federal Security Administrator.

CHARLES W. CRAWFORD, Commissioner of Food and Drugs. Washington, D. C., February 14, 1952.

### CONTENTS

T I	age	<b>,</b>	Page
New drug shipped without effective application	30	Devices actionable because of devi- ation from official or own standards	32
Drugs actionable because of failure to bear adequate directions or warning statements	30	Drugs and devices actionable be- cause of false and misleading claims	33
•		20	•